

1. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [18번]

The (A) [upgrade / degrade] of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may lead to increased traffic along Baker Street due to work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street to gain (B) [asset / access] to the main construction site. We sincerely apologize for any inconveniences that may be experienced. We will try to keep them to a (C) [maximum / minimum]. This work is part of our continuous effort to maintain and improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

- ① degrade - asset - minimum
- ② upgrade - asset - minimum
- ③ degrade - access - maximum
- ④ upgrade - access - minimum
- ⑤ degrade - asset - maximum

2. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [18번]

The upgrade of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may① lead increased traffic along Baker Street due to ② work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street ③ to gain access to the main construction site. We sincerely apologize for any inconveniences that may ④ be experienced. We will try to keep them to a minimum. This work is part of our continuous effort to maintain and⑤ improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

3. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [18번]

The upgrade of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may lead to(A) [increasing / increased] traffic along Baker Street due to work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street to gain access to the main construction

site. We sincerely apologize for any inconveniences that may (B) [be experienced / experienced]. We will try to keep them to a minimum. This work is part of our continuous effort (C) [to maintain / maintaining] and improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

- ① increased - be experienced - to maintain
- ② increasing - experienced - maintaining
- ③ increased - be experienced - maintaining
- ④ increasing - be experienced - to maintain
- ⑤ increasing - experienced - to maintain

4. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [18번]

The① upgrade of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may lead to ② increased traffic along Baker Street due to work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street to gain③ access to the main construction site. We sincerely apologize for any ④ conveniences that may be experienced. We will try to keep them to a minimum. This work is part of our ⑤ continuous effort to maintain and improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

5. (주관식) 아래의 (1)번과 (2)번의 문장을 보기의 우리말에 맞게 배열하시오. - [18번]

The upgrade of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may lead to increased traffic along Baker Street due to work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street to gain access to the main construction site. We sincerely apologize (1) [**may / experienced / be / that / any / for / inconveniences**]. We will (2) [**keep / minimum / a / them / try / to / to**]. This work is part of our continuous effort to maintain and improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

보기 1.겪게 될 불편에 대해 2.이를 최소화 하기위해 노력하겠습니다.

6. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 알맞은 것은? - [18번]

The upgrade of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may lead to ① increasing traffic along Baker Street due to work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street to gain access to the main construction site. We sincerely apologize for any inconveniences② what may be experienced. We will try ③ keeping them to a minimum. This work is part of our continuous effort to maintain and ④ improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please ⑤ to contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

7. (주관식) 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 쓰시오. - [18번]

The upgrade of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Facility will begin on Monday, July 30, 2018. The construction will take about 28 months and may lead to increased traffic along Baker Street due to work on and around it. Construction vehicles may also use this street to gain access to the main construction site. We sincerely apologize for any _____ that may be experienced. We will try to keep them to a minimum. This work is part of our continuous effort to maintain and improve the basic systems and services of our city. For any questions, please contact Ronald Brown at 022-807-4725.

8. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [19번]

One night, I opened the door that (A) [**led / led to**] the second floor, noting that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on. What happened next was something that chilled my blood. When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs. My eyes were drawn to the darkness beneath them. Once I realized something strange was(B) [**being happened / happening**], my heart started beating fast. Suddenly, I saw a hand (C) [**reach / to reach**] out from between the steps and grab my ankle. I let out a terrifying scream that could be heard all the way down the block, but nobody answered!

- ① led to - happening - to reach
- ② led - being happened - to reach
- ③ led to - being happened - reach
- ④ led - happening - to reach
- ⑤ led to - happening - reach

9. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [19번]

One night, I opened the door that led to the second floor, noting that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on. What happened next was something that① chilled my blood. When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs. My eyes were drawn to the darkness ② beneath them. Once I realized something strange was happening, my heart started ③ beating fast. Suddenly, I saw a hand ④ reach out from between the steps and grab my ankle. I let out a terrifying scream that could be heard all the way down the block, but⑤ anybody answered!

10. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [19번]

One night, I opened the door that led to the second floor, ① noting that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on. What ② was happened next was something that chilled my blood. When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs. My eyes ③ were drawn to the darkness beneath them. Once I realized something strange was happening, my heart started beating fast. Suddenly, I saw a hand reach out from between the steps and grab my ankle. I ④ let out a terrifying scream that could ⑤ be heard all the way down the block, but nobody answered!

11. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [19번]

"What happened next was something that chilled my blood."

One night, I opened the door that led to the second floor, noting that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on. (①) When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs. ② My eyes were drawn to the darkness beneath them. ③ Once I realized something strange was happening, my heart started beating fast. ④ Suddenly, I saw a hand reach out from between the steps and grab my ankle. ⑤ I let out a terrifying scream that could be heard all the way down the block, but nobody answered!

12. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [19번]

"One night, I opened the door that led to the second floor, noting that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on."

(A) Suddenly, I saw a hand reach out from between the steps and grab my ankle. I let out a terrifying scream that could be heard all the way down the block, but nobody answered!

(B) What happened next was something that chilled my blood. When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs.

(C) My eyes were drawn to the darkness beneath them. Once I realized something strange was happening, my heart started beating fast.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

13. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 알맞은 것은? - [19번]

One night, I opened the door that led to the second floor, ① noted that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on. What ② was happened next was something that chilled my blood. When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs. My eyes ③ drawn to the darkness beneath them. Once I realized something strange ④ was happened, my heart started beating fast. Suddenly, I saw a hand reach out from between the steps and grab my ankle. I let out a ⑤ terrifying scream that could be heard all the way down the block, but nobody answered!

14. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [20번]

"Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend."

(A) If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer.

(B) You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. Even when specialists in some complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch.

(C) If, however, you want people to read and understand what you write, write it in spoken language. Written language is more complex, which makes it more work to read. It's also more formal and distant, which makes the readers lose attention.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

15. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [20번]

Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language ① different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend. If, however, you want people to read and understand ② what you write, write it in spoken language. Written language is more complex, ③ which makes it more work to read. It's also more formal and distant, ④ that makes the readers lose attention. You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. Even when specialists in some ⑤ complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch. If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer.

16. 다음 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오. - [20번]

Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend. If, _____ A _____, you want people to read and understand what you write, write it in spoken language. Written language is more complex, which makes it more work to read. It's also more formal and distant, which makes the readers lose attention. You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. _____ B _____ when specialists in some complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch. If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer.

- ① therefore - So
- ② however - So
- ③ therefore - Even
- ④ therefore - Even
- ⑤ however - Even

17. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [20번]

"Written language is more complex, which makes it more work to read."

Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend. (①) If, however, you want people to read and understand what you write, write it in spoken language. (②) It's also more formal and distant, which makes the readers lose attention. (③) You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. Even when specialists in some complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch. (④) If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer. (⑤)

18. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은? - [20번]

Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend. If, however, you want people to read and understand what you write, write it in spoken language. Written language is more complex, which makes it more work to read. It's also more formal and distant, which makes the readers lose attention. You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. Even when specialists in some complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch. If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer.

- ① 사람들이 쓰기를 시작할 때 일어나는 일
- ② 문어체와 구어체의 차이점
- ③ 좋은 작가로 시작을 하고 싶다면 구어체로 글을 써라
- ④ 생각을 표현하는데 복잡한 문장이 필요한 이유
- ⑤ 전문가들도 복잡한 이야기를 할때 복잡한 문장을 쓴다

19. (주관식) 다음 글의 요지를 영어와 우리말로 각각 쓰시오. - [20번]

Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend. If, however, you want people to read and understand what you write, write it in spoken language. Written language is more complex, which makes it more work to read. It's also more formal and distant, which makes the readers lose attention. You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. Even when specialists in some complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch. If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer.

20. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [21번]

"That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is.

"Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. (①) They advertise their

products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. (②) Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. (③) Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. (④) For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation. (⑤)

21. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors ① did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and ② are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say ③ what the product is not, rather than what it is. For example, the first automobile ④ was calling a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the ⑤ existing mode of transportation.

22. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [21번]

"Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist."

(A) Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is.

(B) For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation.

(C) They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

23. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products _____. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation.

- ① as if winning a competition proves the best product.
- ② without sufficient research into the quality of the product itself.
- ③ concentrating only on advertising campaigns that are best delivered to consumers.
- ④ without any consideration for differentiation from existing ones.
- ⑤ as if they are competing to survive in a fierce competitive market.

24. (주관식) 다음 요약문에 들어갈 적절한 단어를 본문에서 찾아 적으시오. (필요시 변형 가능)- [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation.

In order to attract customers' attention, it is effective to make customers understand the concept by _____ the new product with the _____ product.

25. (주관식) 다음 빈칸에 공통으로 들어갈 말을 쓰시오. - [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted _____ the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept _____ the existing mode of transportation.

26. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand _____.

- ① the merits for a horseless carriage
- ② the concept contrasted against the new one
- ③ the idea related to the new
- ④ the concept against the existing mode of transportation.
- ⑤ why cars need to be improved

27. 다음 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오. - [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. _____ A _____ you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. _____ B _____ the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation.

- ① Therefore - As a result
- ② However - As a result
- ③ Therefore - For instance
- ④ Furthermore - For instance
- ⑤ However - Nonetheless

28. 다음 문장의 흐름상 가장 어색한 것은? - [21번]

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. ①Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. ②Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different unless it's related to the old. ③Consumers are more interested in the features and functions of the products they are advertising. ④That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. ⑤For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation.

29. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [22번]

"Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments."

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. (①) From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. (②) Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species. (③) Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. (④) Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival. (⑤)

30. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [22번]

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need (A) **[underlines / underlies]** many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' (B) **[evolutionary / revolutionary]** history as a social species. Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or (C) **[adopt / adapt]** to their physical environments. Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

- ① underlies - evolutionary - adapt
- ② underlines - revolutionary - adapt
- ③ underlines - revolutionary - adopt
- ④ underlies - evolutionary - adopt
- ⑤ underlines - evolutionary - adapt

31. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [22번]

Human beings are ① driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need ② underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' ③ evolutionary history as a social species. Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or ④ adapt to their physical environments. Thus, ⑤ seek closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

32. (주관식) 다음 글의 요지를 우리말과 영어로 각각 쓰시오. - [22번]

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species. Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments. Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

33. (주관식) 다음 빈칸에 주어진 철자로 시작하는 단어를 쓰시오. - [22번]

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. Probably, the need to b____
____ is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species. Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments. Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

34. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [22번]

"Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. "

(A) Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species. Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge.

(B) Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments. Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

(C) From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

35. 다음 문장의 흐름상 가장 어색한 것은? - [22번]

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. ① Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species. ② Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. ③ However, sometimes this excessive cooperation can cause many problems such as irresponsibility, feud, and jealousy ④ Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments. ⑤ Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

36. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은? - [22번]

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species. Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments. Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival.

- ① 인간은 개인적 이익을 위해 대인관계를 형성하고 유지한다.
- ② 대인관계를 유지하기 위해 이기심은 버려야 한다.
- ③ 도시가 성장하면서 많은 사회적 문제가 발생했다.
- ④ 인간은 생존을 위해 사회적 유대감을 형성해왔다.
- ⑤ 인간은 주어진 환경에 적응하며 살아야하는 존재다.

37. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always _____. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects. *antelope: 영양(羚羊)

- ① unclear ② evident
- ③ observable ④ puzzling ⑤ confusing

38. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [23번]

"He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer."

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. (①) The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. (②) To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. (③) In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. (④) He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. (⑤) After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects. *antelope: 영양(羚羊)

39. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always ① distinct. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has ② puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't ③ confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for ④ comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can ⑤ literary save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

40. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of what zebras can (A) **[gain / lose]** from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He (B) **[excluded / included]** theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for (C) **[comparison / corresponding]**, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

- ① gain - included - comparison
- ② lose - included - corresponding
- ③ lose - excluded - corresponding
- ④ gain - included - corresponding
- ⑤ gain - excluded - comparison

41. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

- ① Zebras are, unlike the other mammals, quite colorful.
- ② There was a question among the scientists on the role of zebras' stripes for more than a century.
- ③ Tim Caro studied the zebras, keeping the other theories about the stripes.
- ④ Tim Caro could get an answer to the question by using two different typed fly traps.
- ⑤ Flies' avoiding the stripes eventually kept zebras safe.

42. (주관식) 밑줄친 this mystery의 구체적 의미를 우리말로 쓰시오. - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

43. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend ① to less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly ② dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade ③ studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps ④ covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed ⑤ to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

44. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend to be ① less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of ② what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes ③ confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid ④ landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally ⑤ save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

45. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania. He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

- ① 포유류는 색깔의 역할은 분명하지 않다.
- ② 학자들은 얼룩말의 무늬의 역할에 대해 의문이 있었다.
- ③ 줄무늬는 포식동물을 혼란시키지 않는다.
- ④ 파리들은 줄무늬를 피한다.
- ⑤ 얼룩무늬는 질병매개 곤충을 지켜준다

46. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [23번]

"The colors' roles aren't always obvious. "

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? (①) The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. (②) To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania.. (③) He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer.. (④) In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. (⑤) After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

47. (주관식) 다음 문장을 순서대로 작성하시오 - [23번]

Mammals tend to be less colorful than other animal groups, but zebras are strikingly dressed in black-and-white. What purpose do such high contrast patterns serve? The colors' roles aren't always obvious. The question of what zebras can gain from having stripes has puzzled scientists for more than a century. [Caro / biologist / to / solve / mystery, / a / more / decade / To / in / try / spent / zebras / Tim / Tanzania. / studying / than / wildlife / this] He ruled out theory after theory—stripes don't keep them cool, stripes don't confuse predators—before finding an answer. In 2013, he set up fly traps covered in zebra skin and, for comparison, others covered in antelope skin. He saw that flies seemed to avoid landing on the stripes. After more research, he concluded that stripes can literally save zebras from disease-carrying insects.

48. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [25번]

Tomas Luis de Victoria, the greatest Spanish composer of the sixteenth century, was born in Avila and as a boy sang in the church choir. When his voice broke, he went to Rome to study and he remained in that city for about 20 years, ① hold appointments at various churches and religious institutions. In Rome, he met Palestrina, a famous Italian composer, and ② may even have been his pupil. In the 1580s, after becoming a priest, he returned to Spain and ③ spent the rest of his life ④ peacefully in Madrid as a composer and organist to members of the royal household. He died in 1611, but his tomb has yet ⑤ to be identified.

49. 다음 중 가리키는 대상이 다른 하나는? - [25번]

Tomas Luis de Victoria, the greatest Spanish composer of the sixteenth century, was born in Avila and as a boy sang in the church choir. When his voice broke, ① he went to Rome to study and he remained in that city for about 20 years, holding appointments at various churches and religious institutions. In Rome, ② he met Palestrina, a famous Italian composer, and may even have been ③ his pupil. In the 1580s, after becoming a priest, ④ he returned to Spain and spent the rest of his life peacefully in Madrid as a composer and organist to members of the royal household. He died in 1611, but ⑤ his tomb has yet to be identified.

50. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [25번]

"Tomas Luis de Victoria, the greatest Spanish composer of the sixteenth century, was born in Avila and as a boy sang in the church choir."

(A) In the 1580s, after becoming a priest, he returned to Spain and spent the rest of his life peacefully in Madrid as a composer and organist to members of the royal household. He died in 1611, but his tomb has yet to be identified.

(B) When his voice broke, he went to Rome to study and he remained in that city for about 20 years, holding appointments at various churches and religious institutions.

(C) In Rome, he met Palestrina, a famous Italian composer, and may even have been his pupil.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

51. (주관식) 다음 글의 주어진 우리말을 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. - [25번]

Tomas Luis de Victoria, the greatest Spanish composer of the sixteenth century, was born in Avila and as a boy sang in the church choir. When his voice broke, he went to Rome to study and he remained in that city for about 20 years, holding appointments at various churches and religious institutions. In Rome, he met Palestrina, a famous Italian composer, and may even have been his pupil. In the 1580s, after becoming a priest, he returned to Spain and spent the rest of his life peacefully in Madrid as a composer and organist to members of the royal household. He died in 1611, but (그의 무덤은 아직 확인되지 않았다.)

<조건>

제시단어 - yet, identify, tomb

1. 제시 단어를 모두 사용할 것 (필요시 변형)
2. 7단어의 완전한 문장으로 쓸 것

52. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [28번]

Plastic is extremely slow to degrade and tends to float, which allows it to travel in ocean currents for thousands of miles. ① **Most of** plastics break down into smaller and smaller pieces when ② **exposed** to ultraviolet (UV) light, forming microplastics. These microplastics are very difficult to measure once they are small enough to pass through the nets typically used to ③ **collect** them. Their impacts on the marine environment and food webs are still poorly understood. These tiny particles are known to be eaten by various animals and ④ **to get** into the food chain. Because most of them in the ocean are so small, there is no practical way to clean up the ocean. One would have to filter enormous amounts of water ⑤ **to collect** a relatively small amount of plastic.

53. (주관식) 밑줄 친 문장 (A)에서 어법상 어색한 부분을 두 곳 찾아 바르게 고치시오. - [28번]

Plastic is extremely slow to degrade and tends to float, which allows it to travel in ocean currents for thousands of miles. Most plastics break down into smaller and smaller pieces when exposed to ultraviolet (UV) light, forming microplastics. (A) ***These microplastics are very difficult to be measured once they are small enough to pass through the nets typically used to collecting them.*** Their impacts on the marine environment and food webs are still poorly understood. These tiny particles are known to be eaten by various animals and to get into the food chain. Because most of the plastic in the ocean is so small, there is no practical way to clean up the ocean. One would have to filter enormous amounts of water to collect a relatively small amount of plastic.

- 1) →
- 2) →

54. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [28번]

Plastic is extremely slow to degrade and tends to float, which allows it to travel in ocean currents for thousands of miles. Most plastics break down into smaller and smaller pieces when exposed to ultraviolet (UV) light, forming microplastics. These microplastics are very difficult to measure once they are small enough to pass through the nets typically used to collect them. Their impacts on the marine environment and food webs are still poorly understood. These tiny particles are known to be eaten by various animals and to get into the food chain. Because most of the plastic particles in the ocean are so small, there is no practical way to clean up the ocean. One would have to filter enormous amounts of water to collect a relatively small amount of plastic.

- ① Marine Pollution: What We Need to Know about UV Light
- ② How to Measure and Deal with the Troublesome Microdust
- ③ What Happens to the Plastic Debris in the Ocean?
- ④ Warning: Natural disasters Break Down the Ecosystem
- ⑤ Why Do Microplastics Accumulate in Large Patches in the Ocean?

55. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [28번]

[※ 원문 사용]

Plastic is extremely slow to degrade and tends to ① **buoyant**, which allows it to travel in ocean currents for thousands of miles. Most plastics becomes ② **fragile** when exposed to ultraviolet (UV) light, forming microplastics. These pieces, as well as plastic pellets, are already found in most beaches around the world. No one knows just how small these pieces become -- they are very difficult to measure once they are small enough to be ③ **entangled** in the nets typically used to collect them. Their impacts on the marine environment and food webs are still poorly understood. These tiny particles are known to be eaten by various animals and to get into the food chain. Due to its low density, plastic waste is ④ **readily** transported long distances and concentrates in gyres, which are systems of rotating ocean currents. We don't know how long plastic remains in the ocean. Current research suggests that most commonly used plastic will never fully degrade. Because most of the plastic in the ocean is in very small ⑤ **fragments**, there is no practical way to clean it up. One would have to filter enormous amounts of water to collect a relatively small amount of plastic.

56. (주관식) <보기>에 주어진 표현을 재배열하여 영작하시오. - [28번]

Plastic is extremely slow to degrade and tends to float, which allows it to travel in ocean currents for thousands of miles. Most plastics break down into smaller and smaller pieces when exposed to ultraviolet (UV) light, forming microplastics. These microplastics are 일단 그것들을 수거하는데 일반적으로 사용되는 그물망을 통과할 만큼 충분히 작아지면 측정하기가 매우 어렵다. Their impacts on the marine environment and food webs are still poorly understood. These tiny particles are known to be eaten by various animals and to get into the food chain. Because most of the plastic particles in the ocean are so small, there is no practical way to clean up the ocean. One would have to filter enormous amounts of water to collect a relatively small amount of plastic.

<보기>

[they are / small / used / the nets / once / very difficult / them / to measure / enough / to pass through / typically / to collect]

<조건>

- 제시된 표현을 모두 사용할 것.
- 제시된 표현 외에는 어떤 단어도 추가하지 말 것.
- 제시된 표현을 변형하지 말고 그대로 사용할 것.

57. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [29번]

"However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied."

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. (①) We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. (②) Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. (③) The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. (④) No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. (⑤) Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

58. (주관식) 다음 밑줄 친 부분을 괄호안의 주어진 단어를 활용하여 알맞게 영작하시오.(단, 필요시 어형 변형) - [29번]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. 하지만 기대감이 더 높아질수록 만족감을 느끼기는 더욱 어려워진다.(expectations, high, difficult, satisfy) We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

63. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [29번]

"People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied."

(A) One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is.

(B) On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

(C) We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

64. 다음 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오. - [29번]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. _____ A _____, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. _____ B _____, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

- ① However - On the contrary
- ② However - In other words
- ③ Therefore - On the contrary
- ④ Therefore - Actually
- ⑤ In other words - In contrast

65. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [29번]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be ① satisfied. We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences ② rarely. ③ No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an ④ elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue ⑤ to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

66. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [29번]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. We can (A) [increase / decrease] the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have (B) [proper / improper] expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience (C) [adversity / pleasure]. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

- ① decrease - proper - adversity
- ② increase - proper - pleasure
- ③ increase - improper - adversity
- ④ decrease - proper - pleasure
- ⑤ decrease - proper - pleasure

67. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [29번]

"The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations."

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. (①) Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. (②) One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. (③) No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. (④) Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. (⑤) This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

68. 다음 중 가리키는 대상이 다른 하나는? - [29번]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by ① controlling our expectations. ② Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to ③ have proper expectations. One way to do this is by ④ keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like ⑤ an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

69. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [29번]

"People have higher expectations as their lives get better."

(A) On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

(B) One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is.

(C) However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

70. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [29번]

"This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is."

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. (①) We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. (②) The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. (③) No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. (④) On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great? (⑤)

71. (주관식) 밑줄친 this가 지칭하는 말을 한글로 쓰시오. - [29번]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations. One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

72. (주관식) 밑줄 친 문장을 주어와 동사를 포함한 문장으로 쓰시오. - [30번]

"Wanna work together?" a cheerful voice spoke on Amy's first day at a new school. It was Wilhemina. Amy was too surprised to do anything but nod. The big black girl put her notebook down beside Amy's. After dropping the notebook, she lifted herself up onto the stool beside Amy. "I'm Wilhemina Smiths, Smiths with an s at both ends," she said with a friendly smile. "My friends call me Mina. You're Amy Tillerman." Amy nodded and stared. As the only new kid in the school, she was pleased to have a lab partner. But Amy wondered if Mina chose her because she had felt sorry for the new kid.

[조건: 10단어로 쓸 것]

73. (주관식) 다음 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. - [30번]

"Wanna work together?" a cheerful voice spoke on Amy's first day at a new school. It was Wilhemina. Amy was too surprised to do anything but nod. The big black girl put her notebook down beside Amy's. After dropping the notebook, she lifted herself up onto the stool beside Amy. "I'm Wilhemina Smiths, Smiths with an s at both ends," she said with a friendly smile. "My friends call me Mina. You're Amy Tillerman." Amy nodded and stared. As the only new kid in the school, she was pleased to have a lab partner. But Amy [because / for / had / new / the / if / chose / wondered / her / she / Mina / kid / sorry / felt].

그러나 Amy는 그녀가 전학생을 안쓰럽게 여겨서 자신을 선택한 것이 아닌지 궁금했다.

조건1) 과거 완료시제와 과거시제를 모두 쓸 것.

조건2) Amy를 주절의 주어로 시작하여 전체 15단어로 쓸 것.

74. 다음 글에 나타는 Amy의 성격으로 가장 알맞은 것은? - [30번]

"Wanna work together?" a cheerful voice spoke on Amy's first day at a new school. It was Wilhemina. Amy was too surprised to do anything but nod. The big black girl put her notebook down beside Amy's. After dropping the notebook, she lifted herself up onto the stool beside Amy. "I'm Wilhemina Smiths, Smiths with an s at both ends," she said with a friendly smile. "My friends call me Mina. You're Amy Tillerman." Amy nodded and stared. As the only new kid in the school, she was pleased to have a lab partner. But Amy wondered if Mina chose her because she had felt sorry for the new kid.

- ① timid ② social ③ outgoing
- ④ indifferent ⑤ aggressive

75. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [30번]

"Wanna work together?" a cheerful voice spoke on Amy's first day at a new school. It was Wilhemina. ① Amy was too surprised to do anything but nod. The big black girl put her notebook down ② beside Amy's. After dropping the notebook, she lifted herself up onto the stool ③ beside Amy. "I'm Wilhemina Smiths, Smiths with an s at both ends," ④ she said with a friendly smile. "My friends call me Mina. You're Amy Tillerman." Amy nodded and stared. As the only new kid in the school, ⑤ she pleased to have a lab partner. But Amy wondered if Mina chose her because she had felt sorry for the new kid.

76. 다음 글의 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은 - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. _____ A _____, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low -fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. _____ B _____, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

*preparatory: 준비의

- ① However - Nonetheless
- ② Likewise - Thus
- ③ In other words - In short
- ④ In addition - For example
- ⑤ In contrast - In other words

77. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that ① takes considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low -fat foods, eat smaller portions, and ② exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal ③ closer but also creates willingness ④ to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. Thus, someone ⑤ was motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

78. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes ① considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, if you are motivated to ② lose weight, you will buy low -fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal ③ farther but also creates ④ willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. Thus, someone ⑤ motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

79. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low -fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

- ① Motivation Leads to Considerable Effort
- ② Outcomes Inspire Motivation to Grow
- ③ Considerable Effort to Buy A Smartphone
- ④ Understanding the Cause and Result of Motivation
- ⑤ What Works Best to Motivate People

80. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [31번]

"One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. "

(A) Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors.

(B) Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low -fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise.

(C) Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

81. 다음 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오. - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. _____ A _____, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. _____ A _____, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

- ① For instance - However
- ② Furthermore - However
- ③ Furthermore - Therefore
- ④ Similarly - Besides
- ⑤ For instance - Therefore

82. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior ① *that takes considerable effort*. For example, ② *if you are motivated to buy a good car*, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, ③ *if you are motivated to lose weight*, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer ④ *but also create willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors*. Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, ⑤ *and then wait in line to buy it*.

83. (주관식) 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말을 본문에서 찾아 쓰시오.
- [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. _____ not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

84. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [31번]

"Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. "

(①) One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. (②) For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. (③) Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. (④) Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it. (⑤)

85. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [31번]

"One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort."

(A) Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

(B) Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors.

(C) For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

86. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [31번]

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes (A) [considerate / considerable] effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. (B) [Likewise / However], if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only (C) [drives / derives] the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. Thus, someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it.

- ① considerate - However - derives
- ② considerable - Likewise - drives
- ③ considerable - However - drives
- ④ considerable - However - derives
- ⑤ considerate - However - drives

87. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [32번]

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when ① assigning tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel ② threatened if they see one employee ③ going about a task differently than another. Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome ④ wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and ⑤ to analyze the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

88. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [32번]

"Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks."

(A) If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

(B) Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine.

(C) They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel threatened if they see one employee going about a task differently than another.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

89. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [32번]

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the (A) [same / different] way and so do not feel threatened if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. Instead, they focus on the (B) [process / end result]. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome was (C) [successful / unsuccessful], then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

- ① same - process - unsuccessful
- ② different - end result - unsuccessful
- ③ same - end result - successful
- ④ same - process - successful
- ⑤ same - end result - unsuccessful

90. (주관식) 다음 ()안의 단어를 어법에 맞게 모두 바꾸시오. - [32번]

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when ①(assign) tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel ②(threaten) if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome wasn't ③(achieve), then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and ④(analyze) the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

- ① - ()
- ② - ()
- ③ - ()
- ④ - ()

91. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은? - [32번]

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel threatened if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

- ① Good manager concentrates on the final result and overcome the inappropriate result.
- ② The relationship between a manager and an employment is important.
- ③ Proper advice is essential for the tasks

- ④ Good manager makes employee exercise their ability by taking on all tasks.
- ⑤ An employee needs skills involving their job.

92. (주관식) 다음 []안의 단어를 우리말에 맞게 배열하십시오. - [32번]

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel threatened if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then 그러한 관리자들은 그 직원과 논의하고 상황을 분석하며 대응한다, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

[the / employee / analyzing / discussing / it / managers / such / situation / by / respond / with / and / the]

93. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [32번]

Good managers _____ They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel threatened if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

- ① have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks.
- ② have collected an enormous amount of information about their tasks.
- ③ have been trained to deal with an unexpected situation.
- ④ have a notion that all employees are different from each other.
- ⑤ have to do their best not to assign tasks to employees unequally.

94. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [32번]

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel (A) [frightened / threatened] if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. (B) [otherwise / Instead], they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and (C) [paralyzing / analyzing] the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

- ① threatened - Instead - analyzing
- ② frightened - Instead - analyzing
- ③ threatened - Instead - paralyzing
- ④ frightened - otherwise - paralyzing
- ⑤ frightened - Instead - paralyzing

95. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [32번]

"Instead, they focus on the end result."

(①) Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks. (②) They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel threatened if they see one employee going about a task differently than another. (③) If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. (④) If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future. (⑤)

96. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [33번]

"These changes seemed not to interfere with recognition".

There is good evidence that in organic development, perception starts with recognizing outstanding structural features. (①) For example, when two--year--old children and chimpanzees had learned that, of two boxes presented to them, the one with a triangle of a particular size and shape always contained attractive food, they had no difficulty applying their training to triangles of very different appearance. (②) The triangles were made smaller or larger or turned upside down. (③) A black triangle on a white background was replaced by a white triangle on a black background, or an outlined triangle by a solid one. (④) Similar results were obtained with rats. Karl Lashley, a psychologist, has asserted that simple transpositions of this type are universal in all animals including humans.

97. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [33번]

There is good evidence that in organic development, perception starts with recognizing outstanding structural features. For example, when two--year--old children and chimpanzees had learned that, of two boxes presented to them, the one with a triangle of a particular size and shape always contained attractive food, they had no difficulty applying their training to triangles of very different appearance. The triangles were made smaller or larger or turned upside down. A black triangle on a white background was replaced by a white triangle on a black background, or an outlined triangle by a solid one. These changes seemed not to interfere with recognition. Similar results were obtained with rats. Karl Lashley, a psychologist, has asserted that simple transpositions of this type are _____ in all animals including humans.

- ① mandatory ② significant
- ③ universal ④ particular
- ⑤ extraordinary

98. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [33번]

"These changes seemed not to interfere with recognition."

There is good evidence that in organic development, perception starts with recognizing outstanding structural features. (①) For example, when two--year--old children and chimpanzees had learned that, of two boxes presented to them, the one with a triangle of a particular size and shape always contained attractive food, they had no difficulty applying their training to triangles of very different appearance. (②) The triangles were made smaller or larger or turned upside down (③) . A black triangle on a white background was replaced by a white triangle on a black background, or an outlined triangle by a solid one. (④) Similar results were obtained with rats. (⑤) Karl Lashley, a psychologist, has asserted that simple transpositions of this type are universal in all animals including humans.

99. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [33번]

"There is good evidence that in organic development, perception starts with recognizing outstanding structural features."

(A) For example, when two--year--old children and chimpanzees had learned that, of two boxes presented to them, the one with a triangle of a particular size and shape always contained attractive food, they had no difficulty applying their training to triangles of very different appearance.

(B) Similar results were obtained with rats. Karl Lashley, a psychologist, has asserted that simple transpositions of this type are universal in all animals including humans.

(C) The triangles were made smaller or larger or turned upside down. A black triangle on a white background was replaced by a white triangle on a black background, or an outlined triangle by a solid one. These changes seemed not to interfere with recognition.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

100. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [34번]

"Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time-consuming."

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. (①) Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. (②) The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. (③) The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. (④) The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. (⑤) In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

101. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [34번]

"There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler."

(A) The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap.

(B) Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life.

(C) Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

102. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. ① Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one ② gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it ③ springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of ④ experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, ⑤ ineffective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

103. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [34번]

There is a very old story ① involving a man trying to fix his ② broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides ③ to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he ④ should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer ⑤ tap the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

104. 다음 중 가리키는 대상이 다른 하나는? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite① his best efforts over many months, ② he can't do it. Eventually, ③ he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that ④ he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time ⑤ he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

105. 다음 글의 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은 - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is _____ A _____ paying for the time he took to tap the boiler _____ B _____ rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

- ① both - and
- ② either - or
- ③ neither - nor
- ④ not - but
- ⑤ but - not

106. (주관식) 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer (1) [arrives/ is arrived], gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only (2) [a little / a few] moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer (4) [to tap / tapping] the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

107. (주관식) 다음 ①②③④⑤ 문장의 순서를 알맞게 배열하시오. - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler.

- ① Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert.
- ② Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it.
- ③ The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap.
- ④ The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life.
- ⑤ The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments.

Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

108. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. ① Although he made his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, ② gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. ③ The engineer gives the man for a bill, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler ④ but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply ⑤ a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

109. 다음 문장의 흐름상 가장 어색한 것은? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. ① The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. ② The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. ③ The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. ④It is the landlord's responsibility to ensure that the boiler is working correctly for the provision of hot water and heating. ⑤ In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

110. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [34번]

"There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. "

(A) The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap.

(B) Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

(C) The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

111. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. (A) **[Although / Despite]** his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only (B) **[few / a few]** moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience(C) **[involved / involving]** in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

- ① Although - a few - involved
- ② Despite - few - involving
- ③ Although - few - involving
- ④ Despite - few - involved
- ⑤ Despite - a few - involved

112. 다음 중 가리키는 대상이 다른 하나는? - [34번]

There is a very old story involving ① a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, ② he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to ③ the man, and the man argues that④ he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time ⑤ he took to tap the boiler but rather the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time--consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

113. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [35번]

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. That is, they refer to the real world, to something (A) [internal / external] to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a (B) [status / Personality] difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. You can appreciate this most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor. It appears (C) [natural / awkward] and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

- ① internal - Personality - natural
- ② external - status - awkward
- ③ external - Personality - awkward
- ④ internal - Personality - awkward
- ⑤ internal - Personality - awkward

114. 다음 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오. - [35번]

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. _____ A _____, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. _____ B _____, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. You can appreciate this most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee

to the supervisor. It appears awkward and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

- ① That is - in addition
- ② That is - For example
- ③ likewise - in addition
- ④ likewise - For example
- ⑤ moreover - but

115. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은? - [35번]

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. That is, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. You can appreciate this most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor. It appears awkward and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

- ① 상급자가 하급자에게 공손하게 명령해야한다
- ② 관리자는 수습사원에게 지위에 맞게 명령해야한다
- ③ 수습사원은 상급자에게 말할 때 분명하게 말해야 한다
- ④ 상급자와 수습사원은 관계가 중요하다
- ⑤ 사람사이의 메시지는 내용적 관계적 메시지 두 가지가 있다

116. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [35번]

"It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee."

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. (①) That is, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. (②) For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. (③) Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. (④) You can appreciate this most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor. (⑤) It appears awkward and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

117. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [35번]

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. That is, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that (A) [tells / is told] the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor (B) [command / to command] the trainee. You can appreciate this most (C) [clear / clearly] if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor. It appears awkward and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

- ① is told - command - clearly
- ② tells - to command - clear
- ③ is told - to command - clearly
- ④ is told - command - clear
- ⑤ tells - to command - clearly

118. (주관식) 밑줄친 부분을 영작하시오.- [35번]

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. That is, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. 만약 수습 직원이 관리자에게 같은 명령을 내린다고 상상해 본다면 당신은 이것을 명확하게 이해할 수 있을 것이다. It appears awkward and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

조건: clear, make를 활용하여 필요시 어형을 바꾸시오.

119. (주관식) 밑줄 친 this의 구체적 의미를 우리말로 쓰시오. - [35번]

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. That is, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. You can appreciate **this** most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor. It appears awkward and out of place, because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee.

120. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [36번]

The scientific study of the physical characteristics of colors can(A) **[be traced / trace]** back to Isaac Newton. One day, he spotted a set of prisms at a big county fair. He took them home and began to experiment with them. In a darkened room he allowed a thin ray of sunlight to fall on a triangular glass prism. As soon as the white ray hit the prism, it separated into the familiar colors of the rainbow. This finding was not new, as humans (B) **[observed / had observed]** the rainbow since the beginning of time. It was only when Newton placed a second prism in the path of the spectrum (C) **[in which / that]** he found something new. The composite colors produced a white beam. Thus he concluded that white light can be produced by combining the spectral colors.

- ① trace - had observed - that
- ② be traced - observed - in which
- ③ be traced - had observed - in which
- ④ be traced - had observed - in which
- ⑤ be traced - had observed - that

121. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [36번]

"he scientific study of the physical characteristics of colors can be traced back to Isaac Newton. One day, he spotted a set of prisms at a big county fair."

(A) It was only when Newton placed a second prism in the path of the spectrum that he found something new. The composite colors produced a white beam. Thus he concluded that white light can be produced by combining the spectral colors

(B) As soon as the white ray hit the prism, it separated into the familiar colors of the rainbow. This finding was not new, as humans had observed the rainbow since the beginning of time.

(C) He took them home and began to experiment with them. In a darkened room he allowed a thin ray of sunlight to fall on a triangular glass prism. .

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

122. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [36번]

" This finding was not new, as humans had observed the rainbow since the beginning of time."

The scientific study of the physical characteristics of colors can be traced back to Isaac Newton. (①) One day, he spotted a set of prisms at a big county fair. He took them home and began to experiment with them. In a darkened room he allowed a thin ray of sunlight to fall on a triangular glass prism. (②) As soon as the white ray hit the prism, it separated into the familiar colors of the rainbow. (③) It was only when Newton placed a second prism in the path of the spectrum that he found something new. (④) The composite colors produced a white beam. (⑤) Thus he concluded that white light can be produced by combining the spectral colors.

123. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은? - [36번]

The scientific study of the physical characteristics of colors can be traced back to Isaac Newton. One day, he spotted a set of prisms at a big county fair. He took them home and began to experiment with them. In a darkened room he allowed a thin ray of sunlight to fall on a triangular glass prism. As soon as the white ray hit the prism, it separated into the familiar colors of the rainbow. This finding was not new, as humans had observed the rainbow since the beginning of time. It was only when Newton placed a second prism in the path of the spectrum that he found something new. The composite colors produced a white beam. Thus he concluded that white light can be produced by combining the spectral colors.

- ① characteristics of colors
- ② How to view the rainbow
- ③ how valuable Prism is
- ④ Newton's contribution in identifying sunlight's characteristic
- ⑤ Newton's life

124. (주관식) 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [37번]

When I was very young, I had a difficulty (1) **[telling/ to tell]** the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. But there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and (2) **[many tales / in many tales]** throughout human history. But even if they feature in stories (3) **[created/ creating]** today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, however, (4) **[were / did]** once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones (5) **[have been preserving / have been preserved]** as fossils.

126. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [37번]

"But even if they feature in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed."

(①) When I was very young, I had a difficulty telling the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. (②) But there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. (③) Dinosaurs, however, did once live. (④) They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. (⑤) They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils.

127. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [37번]

When I was very young, I had a difficulty (A) **[telling / to tell]** the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. But there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and (B) **[in many tales / many tales]** throughout human history. (C) **[Despite / Even though]** featuring in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils.

- ① telling - in many tales - Despite
- ② to tell - many tales - Even though
- ③ telling - many tales - Despite
- ④ telling - in many tales - Even though
- ⑤ to tell - many tales - Despite

128. (주관식) 다음 [] 안의 단어를 우리말 해석에 맞게 재배열하시오. - [37번]

When I was very young, [**and / telling / dinosaurs / dragons. / I / had / between / difficulty / a / difference / the**]. But there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. But even if they feature in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils.

공통과 용의 차이를 구별하는데 어려움이 있었다
정답:

129. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [37번]

" But there is a significant difference between them."

When I was very young, I had a difficulty telling the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. (①) Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. (②) But even if they feature in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. (③) Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. (④) They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils. (⑤)

130. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [37번]

When I was very young, I had a difficulty (A) [telling / to tell] the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. But

there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. But even if they feature in stories(B) [created / create] today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones (C) [have preserved / have been preserved] as fossils.

- ① telling - created - have been preserved
- ② to tell - create - have preserved
- ③ to tell - created - have preserved
- ④ telling - created - have preserved
- ⑤ telling - create - have been preserved

131. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [37번]

"When I was very young, I had a difficulty telling the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. But there is a significant difference between them."

(A) Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils.

(B) Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history.

(C) But even if they feature in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
- ② (B) - (C) - (A)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C)
- ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

132. (주관식) 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [37번]

When I was very young, I had a difficulty (1) **[telling/ tell]** the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. But there is a significant difference between them. Dragons (2) **[are appeared / appear]** in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. But even if they feature in stories (3) **[creating / created]** today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They (4) **[have walked / walked]** the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them (5) **[because/ because of]** their bones have been preserved as fossils.

133. 다음 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오. - [37번]

When I was very young, I had a difficulty telling the difference between dinosaurs and dragons. _____ A _____ there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. But even if they feature in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, _____ B _____, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils.

- ① but - however
- ② also - in fact
- ③ in a word - thus
- ④ so - however
- ⑤ but - in fact

134. (주관식) 밑줄친 부분을 tell, difficulty를 사용하여 11단어로 영작하시오- [37번]

When I was very young, 나는 공룡과 용의 차이를 구별하는 데 어려움이 있었다. But there is a significant difference between them. Dragons appear in Greek myths, legends about England's King Arthur, Chinese New Year parades, and in many tales throughout human history. But even if they feature in stories created today, they have always been the products of the human imagination and never existed. Dinosaurs, however, did once live. They walked the earth for a very long time, even if human beings never saw them. They existed around 200 million years ago, and we know about them because their bones have been preserved as fossils.

135. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [38번]

_____ concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum.

- ① Optical ② Augmented ③ Virtual
- ④ Sonic ⑤ Olfactory

136. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [38번]

Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they ① did in the past. Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise ② produced by people. Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment③ has added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. ④ Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where ⑤ unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum.

137. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [38번]

"So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was".

Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. (①) Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. (②) Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. (③) Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. (④) Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum. (⑤)

138. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [38번]

"Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum."

Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. (①) Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. (②) Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. (③) People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. (④) Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. (⑤)

139. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [38번]

"Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. "

(①) Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. (②) Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. (③) So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. (④) Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. (⑤) Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum.

140. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [38번]

"People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process."

Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. (①) Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. (②) Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. (③) So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. (④) Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. (⑤) Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum.

141. (주관식) 우리말 해석과 같은 의미가 되도록 재배열 하시오. - [38번]

Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. Considering this need for library surroundings,

원치않는 소음이 제거되거나 적어도 최소한으로 유지 될 수 있는 공간을 만드는 것이 중요하다.

[eliminated / a / at / or / kept / where / can / unwanted / design / it / is / least / noise / to / important / to / be / spaces / minimum.]

정답:

142. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [38번]

Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. Years ago, before electronic resources were such a vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. Yet libraries must still provide quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum.

- ① The history of noise controlled school libraries
- ② The impact of school library on the noise policy
- ③ The delicate noise caution in the contemporary school libraries
- ④ The diverse sources of unconventional libraries
- ⑤ The noise eliminating policy of the government in school libraries

143. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [38번]

① Acoustic concerns in school libraries are much more important and complex today than they were in the past. Years ago, before electronic resources were such a ② vital part of the library environment, we had only to deal with noise produced by people. Today, the widespread use of computers, printers, and other equipment has ③ added machine noise. People noise has also increased, because group work and instruction are essential parts of the learning process. So, the modern school library is no longer the quiet zone it once was. Yet libraries must still provide ④ quietness for study and reading, because many of our students want a quiet study environment. Considering this need for library surroundings, it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a ⑤ maximum.

144. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [39번]

"This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety."

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. (①) Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. (②) However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous. (③) And they lead people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. (④) To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one. (⑤)

145. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [39번]

"However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. "

(①) Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. (②) This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety. (③) Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. (④) To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one. (⑤)

146. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [39번]

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. This is because people sometimes ① confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a ② indefinite identification of the variety. Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent ③ edible mushrooms and are highly prized. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to ④ lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. To be safe, a person must be able to ⑤ identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one.

147. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [39번]

Of the many forest plants which can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among ① most dangerous. This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without ② making a positive identification of the variety. Many people enjoy ③ hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. ④ To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before ⑤ eating any wild one.

148. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [39번]

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive _____ of the variety. Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one.

- ① sample ② verification ③ collaboration
④ feedback ⑤ logic

154. 다음 문장의 흐름상 가장 어색한 것은? - [39번]

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. ① This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety. ② Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. ③ Perhaps the simplest and most enjoyable method of consumption is to fry them well in butter and eat with good toast. ④ However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. ⑤ To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one.

155. (주관식) 본문의 단어를 이용하여 문맥상 빈 칸에 알맞은 동사를 쓰시오. - [39번]

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety. Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. To be safe, a person must be able to _____ edible mushrooms before eating any wild one.

156. 다음 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? - [39번]

"Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous."

(A) This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety.

(B) This leads people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one.

(C) Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous.

① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (C) - (A)

③ (B) - (A) - (C) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)

⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

157. 다음 글을 보기와 같이 요약하고자 할 때 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은? - [39번]

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety. Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning.

To be safe, a person must be able to _____ A _____ edible mushrooms before eating any wild one in case of getting _____ B _____.

① eliminate - inedible mushrooms

② identify - food poisoning

③ fabricate - food poisoning

④ identify - edible food

⑤ fabricate - sick

158. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [40번]

"These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of interpersonal warmth."

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others.(①) In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring).(②) In another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves.(③) Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner.(④) Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness.(⑤)

159. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [40번]

"Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner."

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. (①) In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring). (②) In another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. (③) These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. (④) Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness. (⑤)

160. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [40번]

"Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness."

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. (①) In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring). In another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. (③) These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. (④) Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner. (⑤)

161. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of ① warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for ② themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of ③ interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences ④ judgments toward other people in an ⑤ deliberate manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness.

162. 다음 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for ① healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who ② briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a ③ gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth ④ activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this ⑤ permanently increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness.

163. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 어색한 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as ① have a "warmer" personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack ② were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth ③ activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then ④ influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner. Such feelings activated in one context ⑤ last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness.

164. (주관식) 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm (1) **[physiological / physical]** contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth (2) **[lessen / activate]** feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences (3) **[assessment / affection]** toward other people in an unintentional manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts (4) **[with / without]** the person's awareness.

165. 다음 글의 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은 - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a "warmer" personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth _____ A _____ feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this _____ B _____ increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person's awareness.

- ① diminish - temporarily
- ② activate - permanently
- ③ activate - temporarily
- ④ promote - deliberately
- ⑤ lessen - accidentally

166. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a “warmer” personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts _____.

- ① mutually
- ② coincidentally
- ③ unconsciously
- ④ conscientiously
- ⑤ deliberately

167. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a “warmer” personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an _____ manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person’s awareness.

- ① automatic ② artificial ③ intentional
- ④ deliberate ⑤ autonomous

168. 다음 글을 보기와 같이 요약하고자 할 때 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은? - [40번]

Recent studies point to the importance of warm physical contact for healthy relationships with others. In one study, participants who briefly held a cup of hot (versus iced) coffee judged a target person as having a “warmer” personality (generous, caring); in another study, participants holding a hot (versus cold) pack were more likely to choose a gift for a friend instead of something for themselves. These findings illustrate that mere contact experiences of physical warmth activate feelings of interpersonal warmth. Moreover, this temporarily increased activation of interpersonal warmth feelings then influences judgments toward other people in an unintentional manner. Such feelings activated in one context last for a while thereafter and have influence on judgment and behavior in later contexts without the person’s awareness.

Experiencing _____ A _____ warmth promotes _____ B _____ warmth, which happens in an automatic way.

- ① physical - interpersonal
- ② mental - physical
- ③ physical - impressive
- ④ mental - personal
- ⑤ physical - temporary

169. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은? - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and (A) [texture / textile]. He started wondering: Why can’t we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something (B) [extraordinary / ordinary] from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of preserving

food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this (C) [mean / means] of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

- ① texture - ordinary - means
- ② textile - ordinary - mean
- ③ textile - extraordinary - mean
- ④ texture - extraordinary - means
- ⑤ textile - extraordinary - means

170. (A),(B),(C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was(A) [amazed / amazing] to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something extraordinary from(B) [what / which], for the northern folk, (C) [was / being] the ordinary practice of preserving food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

- ① amazing - what - was
- ② amazed - which - being
- ③ amazing - what - being
- ④ amazed - which - was
- ⑤ amazed - what - was

171. (주관식) 아래의 조건에 맞게 질문에 알맞은 답을 쓰시오. - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who ①did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of preserving food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. ② _____ is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

조건

1. 위의 ①did가 의미하는것을 본문에서 찾아서 쓰시오.
2. ②의 빈칸에 적당한 단어를 본문에서 찾아 알맞은 형태로 쓰시오.

172. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the

ordinary practice of preserving food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

- ① 북쪽지역 거주민들은 눈 속에 고기와 채소를 묻어 보관했다.
- ② 몇몇 사람은 눈 속에 고기를 저장하는 관습이 다른 분야와 연관될 수 있다고 생각했다.
- ③ Birdseye는 갓 잡은 물고기와 오리가 급속히 얼러졌을 때 맛과 질감을 유지한다는 것에 놀랐다.
- ④ Birdseye는 북부사람들의 평범한 관행에서 특별한 것을 만들어냈다.
- ⑤ Birdseye의 경우 호기심이 사물을 보는 일상적인 관점에서 그를 벗어나게 만들었다.

173. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 알맞은 것은? - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions ① store their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man ② named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly③ catching fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, ④ keeping their taste and texture. He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of preserving food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to ⑤ which you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

174. 다음 글의 어법상 가장 알맞은 것은? - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably① a few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, ② frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. He started ③ wondered: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of ④ preserved food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious⑤ was happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

175. (주관식) 아래의 문장을 보기의 우리말에 맞게 배열하십시오. - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw[**their / regions / stored / northern / / the / inhabitants / of / food / how**] in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of preserving food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of

seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

보기: 북쪽 지역 거주민들이 어떻게 그들의 식량을 저장하는지를

176. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [41번]

" With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born. "

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. ①But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye. He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. ②He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? (③) He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of preserving food. ④So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind.⑤ Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

177. (주관식) 아래의 (1)번과 (2)번에서 틀린 곳을 모두 바로 잡아 올바른 문장으로 쓰시오. - [41번]

Hundreds of thousands of people journeyed far to take part in the Canadian fur trade. Many saw how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food in the winter—by burying the meats and vegetables in the snow. But probably few of them had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields. ①**One who did to be a young man naming Clarence Birdseye.** He was amazed to find that freshly caught fish and duck, frozen quickly in such a fashion, kept their taste and texture. He started wondering: Why can't we sell food in America that operates on the same basic principle? ②**For this thought, the freezing foods industry born.** He made something extraordinary from what, for the northern folk, was the ordinary practice of preserving food. So, what went on in his mind when he observed this means of storage? Something mysterious happened in his curious, fully engaged mind. Curiosity is a way of adding value to what you see. In the case of Birdseye, it was strong enough to lift him out of the routine way of seeing things. It set the stage for innovation and discovery, for coming up with something new.

178. 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은? - [43번]

There was a business executive who was deep in debt and could see no way out. He couldn't borrow more money from any bank, and couldn't pay his suppliers. One day, he sat on a park bench, head in hands, wondering if anything could save his company from bankruptcy. Suddenly an old man appeared before him. "I can see that something is troubling you," he said. After listening to the executive's worries, the old man said, "I believe I can help you." He asked the man his name, wrote out a check, and pushed it into his hand. He said, "Take this money. Meet me here exactly one year from today, and you can pay me back at that time." Then he turned and disappeared as quickly as he had come. The executive saw in his hand a check for \$500,000, signed by John D. Rockefeller, then one of the richest men in the world! "I can erase my money worries in an instant!" he thought. But instead, the executive decided to put the check in his safe. Just knowing it was there might give

him the strength to work out a way to save his business, he thought. Within a few months, he was out of debt and making money once again. Exactly one year later, he returned to the park with the check. At the agreed--upon time, the old man appeared. But just then, a nurse came running up and grabbed the old man. "I hope he hasn't been bothering you. He's always escaping from the rest home and telling people he's John D. Rockefeller," the nurse said. The surprised executive just stood there. Suddenly, he realized that it wasn't the money, real or imagined, that had turned his life around. It was _____ that enabled him to achieve anything he went after.

- ① his newfound self -confidence
- ② an old man's help
- ③ his mistaken belief
- ④ an old man's bad lie
- ⑤ his old fashioned business style

179. 다음 글을 보기와 같이 요약하고자 할 때 빈 칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 것은? - [43번]

There was a business executive who was deep in debt and could see no way out. He couldn't borrow more money from any bank, and couldn't pay his suppliers. One day, he sat on a park bench, head in hands, wondering if anything could save his company from bankruptcy. Suddenly an old man appeared before him. "I can see that something is troubling you," he said. After listening to the executive's worries, the old man said, "I believe I can help you." He asked the man his name, wrote out a check, and pushed it into his hand. He said, "Take this money. Meet me here exactly one year from today, and you can pay me back at that time." Then he turned and disappeared as quickly as he had come. The executive saw in his hand a check for \$500,000, signed by John D. Rockefeller, then one of the richest men in the world! "I can erase my money worries in an instant!" he thought. But instead, the executive decided to put the check in his safe. Just knowing it was there might give him the strength to work out a way to save his business, he thought. Within a few months, he was out of debt and making money once again. Exactly one year later, he returned to the park with the check. At the agreed--upon time, the old man appeared. But just then, a nurse came running up and grabbed the old man. "I hope he hasn't been bothering you. He's always escaping from the rest home and telling people he's John D. Rockefeller," the nurse said. The surprised executive just stood there. Suddenly, he realized that it wasn't the money, real or imagined, that had turned his life around. It was his newfound self--confidence that enabled him to achieve anything he went after.

Though the check the old man offered to the executive was as (A) _____ as toilet paper, it was (B) _____ enough for the executive to work out a way to solve his problem

- ① significant - helpful
- ② significant - careful
- ③ useless - painful
- ④ useless - useful
- ⑤ meaningful - wishful

180. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은? - [43번]

There was a business executive who was deep in debt and could see no way out. He couldn't borrow more money from any bank, and couldn't pay his suppliers. One day, he sat on a park bench, head in hands, wondering if anything could save his company from bankruptcy. Suddenly an old man appeared before him. "I can see that something is troubling you," he said. After listening to the executive's worries, the old man said, "I believe I can help you." He asked the man his name, wrote out a check, and pushed it into his hand. He said, "Take this money. Meet me here exactly one year from today, and you can pay me back at that time." Then he turned and disappeared as quickly as he had come. The executive saw in his hand a check for \$500,000, signed by John D. Rockefeller, then one of the richest men in the world! "I can erase my money worries in an instant!" he thought. But instead, the executive decided to put the check in his safe. Just knowing it was there might give him the strength to work out a way to save his business, he thought. Within a few months, he was out of debt and making money once again. Exactly one year later, he returned to the park with the check. At the agreed-upon time, the old man appeared. But just then, a nurse came running up and grabbed the old man. "I hope he hasn't been bothering you. He's always escaping from the rest home and telling people he's John D. Rockefeller," the nurse said. The surprised executive just stood there. Suddenly, he realized that it wasn't the money, real or imagined, that had turned his life around. It was his newfound self-confidence that enabled him to achieve anything he went after.

- ① An insane man deceives an innocent man
- ② Fake Money brings new insight
- ③ What makes a business man succeed ?
- ④ No one can but you can save yourself.
- ⑤ An old man's check is a disaster to another man.

181. 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 곳은? - [43번]

"But instead, the executive decided to put the check in his safe."

There was a business executive who was deep in debt and could see no way out. He couldn't borrow more money from any bank, and couldn't pay his suppliers. One day, he sat on a park bench, head in hands, wondering if anything could save his company from bankruptcy. (①) Suddenly an old man appeared before him. "I can see that something is troubling you," he said. After listening to the executive's worries, the old man said, "I believe I can help you." He asked the man his name, wrote out a check, and pushed it into his hand. He said, "Take this money. Meet me here exactly one year from today, and you can pay me back at that time." Then he turned and disappeared as quickly as he had come. (②) The executive saw in his hand a check for \$500,000, signed by John D. Rockefeller, then one of the richest men in the world! "I can erase my money worries in an instant!" he thought. (③) Just knowing it was there might give him the strength to work out a way to save his business, he thought. (④) Within a few months, he was out of debt and making money once again. (⑤) Exactly one year later, he returned to the park with the check. At the agreed-upon time, the old man appeared. But just then, a nurse came running up and grabbed the old man. "I hope he hasn't been bothering you. He's always escaping from the rest home and telling people he's John D. Rockefeller," the nurse said. The surprised executive just stood there. Suddenly, he realized that it wasn't the money, real or imagined, that had turned his life around. It was his newfound self-confidence that enabled him to achieve anything he went after.

182. (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. - [19번] 182)

One night, I opened the door that led to the second floor, noting that the hallway light was off. I thought nothing of it because I knew there was a light switch next to the stairs that I could turn on. (A)다음에 일어난 일은 내 간담을 서늘하게 한 어떤 것이었다. When I put my foot down on the first step, I felt a movement under the stairs. My eyes were drawn to the darkness beneath them. Once I realized something strange was happening, my heart started beating fast. Suddenly, I saw a hand reach out from between the steps and grab my ankle. I let out a terrifying scream that could be heard all the way down the block, but nobody answered!

[조건]

1. what, that, chill을 꼭 사용하여 10단어 미만으로 작성.
2. 시제와 어법에 맞게 필요시 어형변화 가능.

183. 주어진 문장을 적절한 곳에 넣으시오 - [20번]183)

[Written language is more complex, which makes it more work to read.]

Something comes over most people when they start writing. They write in a language different from the one they would use if they were talking to a friend. ① If, however, you want people to read and understand what you write, write it in spoken language. ② It's also more formal and distant, which makes the readers lose attention. ③ You don't need complex sentences to express ideas. ④ Even when specialists in some complicated field express their ideas, they don't use sentences any more complex than they do when talking about what to have for lunch. ⑤ If you simply manage to write in spoken language, you have a good start as a writer.

184. (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. [20번] 184)

Too many companies advertise their new products as if their competitors did not exist. They advertise their products in a vacuum and are disappointed when their messages fail to get through. Introducing a new product category is difficult, especially if the new category is not contrasted against the old one. Consumers do not usually pay attention to what's new and different (A) 그것이 예전의 것과 연결되지 않는다면. That's why if you have a truly new product, it's often better to say what the product is not, rather than what it is. For example, the first automobile was called a "horseless" carriage, a name which allowed the public to understand the concept against the existing mode of transportation.

[조건]

1. 접속사를 포함한 완전한 절로 만들 것.
2. relate, it을 사용하여 최대 7단어로 작성하고 필요시 어형변화시킬 것.

185 주어진 문장의 위치는? -[22번]185)

[Probably, the need to belong is a product of human beings' evolutionary history as a social species.]

Human beings are driven by a natural desire to form and maintain interpersonal relationships. ① From this perspective, people seek relationships with others to fill a fundamental need, and this need underlies many emotions, actions, and decisions throughout life. ② Human beings have long depended on the cooperation of others for the supply of food, protection from predators, and the acquisition of essential knowledge. ③ Without the formation and maintenance of social bonds, early human beings probably would not have been able to cope with or adapt to their physical environments. ④ Thus, seeking closeness and meaningful relationships has long been vital for human survival. ⑤

186. 다음중 어법상 틀린 것을 고르시오. -[25번]¹⁸⁶⁾

Tomas Luis de Victoria, the greatest Spanish composer of the sixteenth century, was born in Avila and as a boy ① sang in the church choir. When his voice broke, he went to Rome to study and he remained in that city for about 20 years, ② holding appointments at various churches and religious institutions. In Rome, he met Palestrina, a famous Italian composer, and may even ③ be his pupil. In the 1580s, after becoming a priest, he returned to Spain and spent the rest of his life ④ peacefully in Madrid as a composer and organist to members of the royal household. He died in 1611, but his tomb has yet ⑤ to be identified.

187. 다음 우리말을 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. -[28번]¹⁸⁷⁾

Plastic is extremely slow to degrade and tends to float, which allows it to travel in ocean currents for thousands of miles. Most plastics break down into smaller and smaller pieces when exposed to ultraviolet (UV) light, forming microplastics. These microplastics are very difficult to measure (A) 일단 그것들이 그물망을 통과할 만큼 충분히 작아지면 typically used to collect them. Their impacts on the marine environment and food webs are still poorly understood. These tiny particles are known to be eaten by various animals and to get into the food chain. Because most of the plastic particles in the ocean are so small, there is no practical way to clean up the ocean. One would have to filter enormous amounts of water to collect a relatively small amount of plastic. * degrade: 분해되다

[조건]

1. once, the nets, enough to V, they를 이용하여 최대 10단어로 이루어진 완전한 문장을 만드시오.

188. 다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 적절한 곳은?-[29번]¹⁸⁸⁾

[The challenge is to find a way to have proper expectations.]

People have higher expectations as their lives get better. However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied. ① We can increase the satisfaction we feel in our lives by controlling our expectations. ② Adequate expectations leave room for many experiences to be pleasant surprises. ③ One way to do this is by keeping wonderful experiences rare. No matter what you can afford, save great wine for special occasions. ④ Make an elegantly styled silk blouse a special treat. This may seem like an act of denying your desires, but I don't think it is. ⑤ On the contrary, it's a way to make sure that you can continue to experience pleasure. What's the point of great wines and great blouses if they don't make you feel great?

189. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. -[31번]¹⁸⁹⁾

One outcome of motivation is behavior that takes considerable effort. For example, if you are motivated to buy a good car, you will research vehicles online, look at ads, visit dealerships, and so on. Likewise, if you are motivated to lose weight, you will buy low-fat foods, eat smaller portions, and exercise. Motivation not only drives the final behaviors that bring a goal closer but also creates willingness to expend time and energy on preparatory behaviors. Thus, (A) 새 스마트폰을 사고자하는 동기가 있는 사람은 그것을 위해 추가적인 돈을 번다, drive through a storm to reach the store, and then wait in line to buy it. * preparatory: 준비의

[조건]

1. 관사를 포함 15단어 미만으로 영작하시오.
2. smartphone, motivate, extra, someone, it을 꼭 사용하되 필요시 어형을 변화시키시오.

190. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. -[32번] 190)

Good managers have learned to overcome the initial feelings of anxiety when assigning tasks. They are aware that no two people act in exactly the same way and so do not feel threatened (A)만약 그들이 한 직원이 다른 사람과 다르게 과업을 시작하는 것을 본다고 하더라도. Instead, they focus on the end result. If a job was successfully done, as long as people are working in a manner acceptable to the organization (for example, as long as salespeople are keeping to the company's ethical selling policy), then that's fine. If an acceptable final outcome wasn't achieved, then such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation, to find out what training or additional skills that person will need to do the task successfully in the future.

[조건]

1. if, see, employee, than, different를 꼭 사용하여 12단어 내로 작성하고, 필요시 어형을 변화시키시오.

191. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오.-[33번]191)

There is good evidence that in organic development, perception starts with recognizing outstanding structural features. For example, when two-year-old children and chimpanzees had learned that, of two boxes presented to them, the one with a triangle of a particular size and shape always contained attractive food, they had no difficulty applying their training to triangles of very different appearance. The triangles were made smaller or larger or turned upside down. A black triangle on a white background was replaced by a white triangle on a black background, or an outlined triangle by a solid one. These changes seemed not to interfere with recognition. (A) 비슷한 결과들이 쥐들에서도 얻어졌다. Karl Lashley, a psychologist, has asserted that simple transpositions of this type are universal in all animals including humans. * transposition: 치환

[조건]

1. obtain, result를 사용하여 6단어 내로 영작하시오.
2. 시제와 수의 일치 꼭 지키고, 필요시 어형을 변화시키시오.

192. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오.-[34번]192)

There is a very old story involving a man trying to fix his broken boiler. Despite his best efforts over many months, he can't do it. Eventually, he gives up and decides to call in an expert. The engineer arrives, gives one gentle tap on the side of the boiler, and it springs to life. The engineer gives a bill to the man, and the man argues that he should pay only a small fee as the job took the engineer only a few moments. The engineer explains that the man is not paying for the time he took to tap the boiler but rather (A) 정확히 어디를 두드려야 할지를 아는 것과 관련된 수년의 경험. Just like the expert engineer tapping the boiler, effective change does not have to be time-consuming. In fact, it is often simply a question of knowing exactly where to tap.

[조건]

1. involve, know, tap, experience를 사용하여 12단어 내로 영작하시오.
2. 필요시 어형을 변화시키시오.

193. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오.-[35번]193)

Interpersonal messages combine content and relationship dimensions. That is, they refer to the real world, to something external to both speaker and listener; at the same time they also refer to the relationship between parties. For example, a supervisor may say to a trainee, "See me after the meeting." This simple message has a content message that tells the trainee to see the supervisor after the meeting. It also contains a relationship message that says something about the connection between the supervisor and the trainee. Even the use of the simple command shows there is a status difference that allows the supervisor to command the trainee. You can appreciate this most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor. It appears awkward and out of place, (A) 관리자와 수습직원 사이의 일반적인 관계를 위반하기 때문에.

[조건]

1. because, between, trainee, it을 사용하여 10단어 내로 작성하시오.

194. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오.-[36번]¹⁹⁴⁾

The scientific study of the physical characteristics of colors can be traced back to Isaac Newton. One day, he spotted a set of prisms at a big county fair. He took them home and began to experiment with them. In a darkened room he allowed a thin ray of sunlight to fall on a triangular glass prism. As soon as the white ray hit the prism, it separated into the familiar colors of the rainbow. This finding was not new, as humans had observed the rainbow since the beginning of time. (A) Newton이 새로운 것을 발견한 것은 바로 스펙트럼의 경로에 두 번째 프리즘을 놓았을 때였다. The composite colors produced a white beam. Thus he concluded that white light can be produced by combining the spectral colors.

[조건]

1. It was ~ that 강조구문의 형태로 영작하시오.
2. only, place, path, something new, a second prism을 사용하여 총 22단어 내로 작성하고 필요시 어형을 변화시키시오.

195. 다음 글의 (A)를 조건에 맞게 영작하시오.-[37번]¹⁹⁵⁾

Of the many forest plants that can cause poisoning, wild mushrooms may be among the most dangerous. This is because people sometimes confuse the poisonous and edible varieties, or they eat mushrooms without making a positive identification of the variety. Many people enjoy hunting wild species of mushrooms in the spring season, (A) 그것들이 훌륭한 식용 버섯이고 매우 귀하게 여겨지기 때문에. However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning. To be safe, a person must be able to identify edible mushrooms before eating any wild one. *edible: 먹을 수 있는

[조건]

1. because, high, excellence, and, prize를 이용하여 11단어 내로 영작하시오.
2. 필요시 어형을 변화시키시오.

Answer Sheet

- 1번 - ④
- 2번 - ① lead to
- 3번 - ①
- 4번 - ④ inconveniences
- 5번 - (1) for any inconveniences that may be experienced / (2) try to keep them to a minimum
- 6번 - ④ 1. increased 2. that 3.to keep 5.contact
- 7번 - inconveniences
- 8번 - ⑤
- 9번 - ⑤ nobody
- 10번 - ② happened
- 11번 - ①
- 12번 - ②
- 13번 - ⑤ 1.noting 2.happened 3.were drawn 4.was happening
- 14번 - ⑤
- 15번 - ④
- 16번 - ⑤
- 17번 - ②
- 18번 - ③
- 19번 - 구어체로 간결하게 글을 쓰라(write simply in spoken language)
- 20번 - ④
- 21번 - ④
- 22번 - ④
- 23번 - ④
- 24번 - contrasting, existing/old
- 25번 - against
- 26번 - ④
- 27번 - ③
- 28번 - ③
- 29번 - ④
- 30번 - ①
- 31번 - ⑤ seek → seeking
- 32번 - 사회적 유대감의 형성과 유지가 인간의 생존에 필수적이다. Formation and maintenance of social bonds is vital for human survival.

- 33번 - belong
- 34번 - ④
- 35번 - ③
- 36번 - ④
- 37번 - ②
- 38번 - ③
- 39번 - ⑤ literary: 문학의 (x) -> literally
- 40번 - ⑤
- 41번 - ③
- 42번 - 줄무늬를 지님으로써 얼룩말이 얻을 수 있는 것이 무엇인지에 대한 답
- 43번 - ①
- 44번 - ③
- 45번 - ⑤
- 46번 - ①
- 47번 - To try to solve this mystery, wildlife biologist Tim Caro spent more than a decade studying zebras in Tanzania.
- 48번 - ①
- 49번 - ③
- 50번 - ②
- 51번 - his tomb has yet to be identified.
- 52번 - ① ① Most of 뒤에는 바로 명사를 쓸 수 없고, 소유격, 정관사, 지시사(this, those 등)이 필요. ② 과거분사 exposed 앞에 being이 생략되어 있는 분사구문. ③ be used to 동사원형 (~하기 위해 사용되다) ④ to be eaten과 병렬 구조. ⑤ 부사적 용법 (목적)
- 53번 - 1) to be measured → to measure 2) collecting → collect 1) 문장의 주어인 These microplastics는 to measure의 대상(목적어)이다. 원래 이 부분은 It is very difficult to measure these microplastics. 였는데 to measure의 목적어인 these microplastics가 가주어 자리로 올라와도 to measure 뒤에 목적어를 다시 붙이거나, to measure를 수동태로 전환할 수 없다. 2) used 앞에는 주격관대명사와 be 동사가 생략되어 있다. to 뒤에 동명사가 오면 '~에 익숙해지다'의 뜻이 되는데 이는 문맥상 해석에 맞지 않다.
- 54번 - ② 지문의 내용은 바다에서 오랜 시간 잘게 분해된 플라스틱 조각들이 먹이사슬에 유입되어 해롭지만, 마땅히 해결할 방법이 없다는 내용이다. 이 내용을 포괄할 수 있는 제목은 ③ 뿐이며, 그 외에는 본문의 주요 어휘가 들어있을지는 몰라도, 본문의 내용과는 무관한 내용을 각각 담고 있다. ① 해양 오염: 우리가 자외선에 대해 알아야 할 것들 ②

어떻게 말썽많은 미세먼지를 측정하고 다룰 것인가 ③ 바다 속에서 플라스틱 잔해(파편)에 무슨 일이 벌어지는가? ④ 경고: 자연재해가 생태계를 망친다 ⑤ 왜 미세 플라스틱은 거대한 바다 쓰레기 지대로 축적되는가?

55번 - ② ③은 '통과하다'의 의미를 지닌 pass through 가 적절하다. ①은 본문에서 float으로 쓰였고, ②는 break down into smaller and smaller pieces 식으로 풀어 쓰였다. ④, ⑤는 모의고사 본문에는 없으나 적절한 어휘인지 판단하는 데 있어 크게 어렵지 않은 단어들이다.

56번 - very difficult to measure once they are small enough to pass through the nets typically used to collect them 본문 참조

57번 - ①

58번 - However, the higher the expectations, the more difficult it is to be satisfied.

59번 - ③

60번 - ⑤

61번 - ①

62번 - ⑤ (1) experiment 실험, (2) purchase 구매, (3) possession 소지품, (4) garments 의복, (5) treat 즐거움

63번 - ④

64번 - ①

65번 - ③ (3) rare / keep + 목적어 + 형용사

66번 - ② improper 부적절한, adversity 역경

67번 - ②

68번 - ⑤

69번 - ⑤

70번 - ④

71번 - 우리의 기대감을 통제하는 것 controlling our expectaions

72번 - As she was the only new kid in the school 접속사를 생략하지 않은 분사구문을 주어동사를 포함한 절로 쓴다.

73번 - (Amy) wondered if Mina chose her because she had felt sorry for the new kid

74번 - ① timid 소심한, social 사교적인, outgoing 외향적인, indifferent 냉담한, aggressive 공격적인

75번 - ⑤ she was pleased to have a lab partner. please (v) ~를 기쁘게 하다는 뜻이므로 수동태 쓸 것.

76번 - ②

77번 - ⑤ was motivated을 motivated로 바꾸어야 한다.

78번 - ③ ③을 closer

79번 - ① 동기부여는 상당한 노력을 필요로 한다.

80번 - ③

81번 - ⑤

82번 - ④ motivation의 동사로 drives와 병렬된다. creates로 바뀌어야 함.

83번 - Motivation

84번 - ③

85번 - ⑤

86번 - ②

87번 - ⑤ to analyze - analyzing (discussing 과 병렬구조)

88번 - ⑤

89번 - ③

90번 - 1. assigning 2.threatened 3.achieved 4.analyzing

91번 - ①

92번 - such managers respond by discussing it with the employee and analyzing the situation

93번 - ①

94번 - ①

95번 - ③

96번 - ④

97번 - ③

98번 - ④

99번 - ①

100번 - ⑤ 5번

101번 - ③ 3번

102번 - ⑤ 5번

103번 - ⑤ 5번

104번 - ⑤ 5번

105번 - ④ 기사는 자신이 보일러를 두드리는 데 걸린 시간이 아니라, 오히려 정확히 어디를 두드려야 할지를 아는 것과 관련된 수년의 경험에 대해 남자가 돈을 지불하는 것이라고 설명한다.

106번 - (1) arrives / (2) a few / (4) tapping (1) arrive 도착하다, 수동태로 쓸 수 없음. (2) moments 는 셀 수 있는 명사 이므로 a few가 수식함. (3) 전치사의 목적어로는 동명사를 쓴다.

107번 - 2-1-4-5-3

- 108번 - ③ (3) The engineer gives a bill to the man 또는 The engineer gives the man a bill 로 쓴다.
- 109번 - ④ 집주인의 책임에 대해서 말하는 문장은 흐름상 어색하다.
- 110번 - ④
- 111번 - ⑤
- 112번 - ⑤
- 113번 - ②
- 114번 - ②
- 115번 - ⑤
- 116번 - ③
- 117번 - ⑤
- 118번 - You can appreciate this most clearly if you visualize the same command being made by the trainee to the supervisor.
- 119번 - 관리자가 그 수습 직원에게 명령할 수 있게 하는 지위의 차이가 존재한다는 것
- 120번 - ⑤
- 121번 - ⑤
- 122번 - ③
- 123번 - ④
- 124번 - (1) telling / (2) in many tales / (3) created / (4) did / (5) have been preserved
- 125번 - 중복삭제
- 126번 - ③
- 127번 - ①
- 128번 - I had a difficulty telling the difference between dinosaurs and dragons
- 129번 - ①
- 130번 - ①
- 131번 - ②
- 132번 - (1) telling / (2) appear / (3) created / (4) walked / (5) because
- 133번 - ①
- 134번 - I had a difficulty telling the difference between dinosaurs and dragons.
- 135번 - ④
- 136번 - ① did-----> were
- 137번 - ③

- 138번 - ⑤
- 139번 - ②
- 140번 - ③
- 141번 - it is important to design spaces where unwanted noise can be eliminated or at least kept to a minimum.
- 142번 - ③
- 143번 - ⑤ maximum -----> minimum
- 144번 - ①
- 145번 - ④
- 146번 - ② indefinite----->positive(=definite확실한)
- 147번 - ① most -----> the most
- 148번 - ②
- 149번 - ②
- 150번 - 그들은 품종에 대해 확실한 확인을 하지 않고 버섯을 먹는다.
- 151번 - ②
- 152번 - ⑤ (1)(2)(3)(4) 매우, 꽤, (5) surprisingly 놀랄 만한, 의외의
- 153번 - ② (2) edible
- 154번 - ③ (3) 야생버섯의 요리법에 관한 내용이므로 흐름과 무관함.
- 155번 - identify identify 확인하다, identification 확인, 식별
- 156번 - ① However, some wild mushrooms are dangerous, leading people to lose their lives due to mushroom poisoning.
- 157번 - ② fabricate (이야기-거짓말 따위를) 꾸며[만들어] 내다, food poisoning 식중독
- 158번 - ③
- 159번 - ④
- 160번 - ⑤
- 161번 - ⑤ deliberate -----> unintentional(=automatic)
- 162번 - ⑤ permanently -----> temporarily
- 163번 - ① have ----->having
- 164번 - (1) physical / (2) activate / (3) assessment / (4) without
- 165번 - ③
- 166번 - ③
- 167번 - ①

168번 - ① 신체적(A-physical) 따뜻함을 경험하는 것은 대 인간의(B-interpersonal) 따뜻함을 증진시키며 이는 자동적인 방식으로 발생한다.

169번 - ④

170번 - ⑤

171번 - 1. had thoughts about how this custom might relate to other fields 2. Curiosity

172번 - ②

173번 - ② 1.stored 3.caught 4. kept 5. what

174번 - ② 1. few 3.wondering 4.preserving 5.happened

175번 - how inhabitants of the northern regions stored their food

176번 - ③

177번 - 1.One who did was a young man named Clarence Birdseye 2.With this thought, the frozen foods industry was born

178번 - ①

179번 - ④

180번 - ②

181번 - ③

182) 정답: What happened next was something that chilled my blood

183) 2번

184) 정답: unless it's related to the old

185) 2번

186) 정답: ③

187) 정답: once they are small enough to pass through the nets

188) 정답: ③

189) 정답: someone motivated to buy a new smartphone may earn extra money for it

190) 정답: if they see one employee going about a task differently than another

191) 정답: Similar results were obtained with rats.

192) 정답: the years of experience involved in knowing exactly where to tap

193) 정답: because it violates the normal relationship between supervisor and trainee

194) 정답: It was only when Newton placed a second

prism in the path of the spectrum that he found something new

195) 정답: because they are excellent edible mushrooms and are highly prized