

2016년 11월 고2 모의고사 18-40번 변형문제

1. 다음 글의 ①-⑤ 중 어법 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>1)</sup>

Dear Peter,

After much consideration, I have come to the conclusion ①**which** the views of the Townsville Citizens Association and of myself have become distinctly ②**different** over the past year. I no longer feel that I can be a useful contributor to the goals and mission of the organization. So I am writing to inform you ③**that** after much thought, I am regretfully resigning as a member of the Townsville Citizens Association. I also wish you ④**to know** that even though I may no longer be a member, I still sincerely hope for the ⑤**continued** success of this organization.

Sincerely,

Norman Smith

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Imagine for a moment that today was your last day on Earth. Now, make a list for yourself of all the things ①**that** you feel you have accomplished, all the things you are proud of, and all the things that make you happy. Is your car on the list? Your television? Is your salary on the list? No. What's on the list ②**are** \_\_\_\_\_ —your relationship with friends and family, the contribution you have made to others' lives, the ③**celebrated** events of your life. Those are the building blocks of your list. Many of us live day to day as if the opposite ④**was** true. Instead of appreciating what is truly important and making that our priority, we collect things and indicators of success without questioning just what success really means. Remember ⑤**what** really matters in your life.

2. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 어법 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>2)</sup>

3. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>3)</sup>

- ① subjective assessment of success
- ② the things to have been collected for self-satisfaction

- ③ the fundamental elements of a satisfied life
- ④ what you did not say easily to others
- ⑤ aspirations and expectations for success

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

We have constructed so many large reservoirs to hold water, and they are located primarily in the Northern Hemisphere rather than ①**randomly** around the globe. As a result, enough of Earth's mass (A)[**have / has**] shifted ②**to speed up** its rotation. Currently, 88 huge reservoirs hold some 10 trillion tons of water. Before the reservoirs were built, this water was located in the ocean, where has most of its mass in the Southern Hemisphere. The effect is like a whirling skater who pulls her arms in to turn ③**faster**. (B)[**Because / Because of**] natural factors in the environment, such as the pull of tides, are gradually ④**accelerating** Earth's rotation, the human influence is accidentally working ⑤**against** the natural rate of deceleration. The shift in Earth's mass has also changed the location of the axis (C)[**which / on which**] Earth rotates.

4. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>4)</sup>

5. 위 글의 (A)-(C) 중에 어법 상 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>5)</sup>

- |   | (A)  |       | (B)        |       |          |
|---|------|-------|------------|-------|----------|
| ① | has  | ..... | Because of | ..... | on which |
| ② | has  | ..... | Because    | ..... | on which |
| ③ | has  | ..... | Because    | ..... | which    |
| ④ | have | ..... | Because    | ..... | which    |
| ⑤ | have | ..... | Because of | ..... | which    |

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Studies show that narrative feedback on students' performance is better than grades at both promoting kids' self-motivation to learn and ①**boosting** their achievement. Primary school teachers do a good job of ②**providing** feedback in reports, but as soon as grades take over from narrative comments as the main method

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of evaluation, students and parents begin to ③**benefit**. When teachers offer information such as “You did a great job of planning your ideas for this paper, and (A)[**formulate / formulating**] your main argument, but your body paragraphs don’t address the question (B)[**risen / raised**] by the argument,” in response to a rough draft of a paper, the student has information that praises the positive elements, addresses failures, and (C)[**give / gives**] useful information for her ④**better** performance. In this way, informational feedback works much like praise for efforts, and similarly ⑤**boosts** enthusiasm for the task and later performance.

6. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>6)</sup>

7. 위 글의 (A)-(C) 중에 어법 상 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>7)</sup>

	(A)	(B)	(C)
①	formulate	risen	give
②	formulate	risen	gives
③	formulating	raised	gives
④	formulating	raised	give
⑤	formulate	raised	gives

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Poetry ①**sharpens** our senses and makes us more keenly and fully aware. Imagine, for a moment, that you are trying to describe one of your friends.

(A) You could say the friend is tall, has blue eyes, a mole on the left cheek, or a red nose. (A)\_\_\_\_, that would only describe the ②**outside** of this person.

(B) Now good poetry does describe life in that way; it tells us about its inside as well as its outside, and thus it helps you to know and love the world as ③**intimately** as you know and love a friend.

(C) It wouldn’t tell people what your friend is really like—the habits, feelings, all the little peculiarities that make this person what he or she is and ④**different** from everyone else. You would find it very ⑤**easy** indeed to describe the inside of your friend, even

though you feel you know such a great friend through and through.

8. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>8)</sup>

9. 위 글의 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>9)</sup>

- ①(A)-(B)-(C)      ②(A)-(C)-(B)      ③(B)-(A)-(C)  
 ④(C)-(A)-(B)      ⑤(C)-(B)-(A)

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Why do we often feel that others are paying more attention to us than they really are?

(A) Nearly 40 percent of them were ①**sure** the other students would remember what the shirt said, but only 10 percent actually did. Most observers did not even ②**notice** that the students changed sweatshirts after leaving the room for a few minutes.

(B) In another experiment, even noticeable clothes, such as a T-shirt with singer Barry Manilow on it, provoked only 23 percent of observers to notice—far ③**fewer** than the 50 percent estimated by the students sporting the 1970s soft rock singer on their chests.

(C) The spotlight effect means seeing ourselves at ④**center** stage, thus intuitively ⑤**underestimating** the extent to which others’ attention is aimed at us. Timothy Lawson explored the spotlight effect by having college students change into a sweatshirt with a big popular logo on the front before meeting a group of peers.

10. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>10)</sup>

11. 위 글의 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>11)</sup>

- ①(A)-(B)-(C)      ②(A)-(C)-(B)      ③(B)-(A)-(C)  
 ④(C)-(A)-(B)      ⑤(C)-(B)-(A)

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■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

However, very occasionally, these harmful effects might possibly be outweighed by the benefits which arise from a lie.

Even if lying doesn't have any harmful effects in a particular case, it is still morally wrong because, if discovered, lying weakens the general practice of truth telling on which human communication relies. ① (A)\_\_\_\_\_, if I (A)[was / were] to lie about my age on grounds of vanity, and my lying were discovered, even though no serious harm would have been done, I would have undermined your trust generally. ②In that case you would be far less likely to believe anything I might say in the future. ③Thus all lying, when discovered, (B)[has / having] indirect harmful effects. ④For example, if someone is seriously ill, lying to them about their life expectancy might probably give them a chance of living longer. ⑤(B)\_\_\_\_\_, telling them the truth could possibly induce a depression (C)[what / that] would accelerate their physical decline.

12. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.<sup>12)</sup>

13. 위 글 빈칸 (A),(B)에 들어갈 적절한 연결사를 고르시오.<sup>13)</sup>

	(A)	.....	(B)
①	Furthermore	.....	In addition
②	For example	.....	On the other hand
③	For instance	.....	Similarly
④	However	.....	In other words
⑤	Likewise	.....	Thus

14. 위 글의 (A)-(C) 중에 어법 상 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>14)</sup>

	(A)	(B)	(C)
①	was	has	what
②	were	having	that
③	were	has	that
④	were	having	that
⑤	was	having	what

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

One day, Jane was walking from class across campus to catch her bus home, with her head down, fighting tears of total despair, when a woman came down the sidewalk toward her.

(A) Looking into her eyes, the woman spoke in a quiet voice, "Whatever is wrong will pass. You're going to be OK. Just hang on." She then smiled again and walked away.

(B) Jane had never seen her before. Embarrassed at being seen in such an emotional mess, she turned her head away and hoped to hurry past. But the woman moved directly in front of Jane, waited until she looked up, and then smiled.

(C) Jane can't explain the impact of that moment, of the woman's unexpected kindness and unconditional caring! The woman gave her the one thing she'd lost completely: hope. Jane looked for her on campus to thank her but never saw her again.

15. 위의 주어진 문장에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>15)</sup>

- ①(A)-(B)-(C)      ②(A)-(C)-(B)      ③(B)-(A)-(C)  
 ④(B)-(C)-(A)      ⑤(C)-(B)-(A)

16. 위 글을 읽고 Jane의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>16)</sup>

- ① nervous → embarrassed  
 ② relieved → sympathetic  
 ③ desperate → irritated  
 ④ frightened → hopeful  
 ⑤ depressed → grateful

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Mathematical models of flocks of birds and schools of fish and swarms of insects that move in unison demonstrate the same point: there is no central control of the movement of the group, but the group manifests a kind of ①collective intelligence that ②helps all within it to flee or discourage predators. This behavior does not reside within individual creatures but, rather, is a property

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of groups. Examination of flocks of birds "deciding" where to fly reveals that they move in a way that ③accounts for the intentions of all the birds, and, even more important, the direction of movement is usually the ④best choice for the flock. Each bird contributes a bit, and the flock's ⑤divided choice is better than an individual bird's would be.

17. 위 글의 밑줄 친 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>17)</sup>

18. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>18)</sup>

- ① Dictatorship seen in animals
- ② Collective intelligence found in nature
- ③ The reason why animals move into groups
- ④ Animal's unique means of communication
- ⑤ Independence of animals

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The Neanderthals would have faced a problem when it was daylight: the light quality is much **(A)[better / poorer]** at high latitudes and this would have meant that they couldn't see things in the distance so well. ①For a hunter, this is a serious problem, because you really don't want to make the mistake of not noticing the mother rhinoceros hiding in a dark corner of the forest edge when trying to spear her calf. ②Living under low light conditions places a much heavier **(B)[premium / weakness]** on vision than most researchers imagine. ③It is the familiar principle from conventional star-gazing telescopes: under the dim lighting of the night sky, a larger mirror allows you to gather more of the light from whatever you want to look at. ④By the same token, a larger retina allows you to receive **(C)[more / less]** light to compensate for poor light levels.<sup>⑤</sup>

19. 다음 중 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.<sup>19)</sup>

The evolutionary response to low light levels is to increase the size of the visual processing system.

20. 다음 (A)-(C) 중 문맥 상 적절한 어휘를 고르시오.

	(A)	(B)	(C)
①	poorer	weakness	more
②	poorer	premium	more
③	better	premium	more
④	better	premium	less
⑤	better	weakness	less

오.<sup>20)</sup>

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

It's possible to lie with numbers, even those that are accurate, because numbers rarely speak for themselves. ①They need to be interpreted by writers. And writers almost always have purposes that shape the interpretations. ②For example, you might want to announce the good news that unemployment in the United States stands at just a little over 5 percent. ③That means 95 percent of Americans have jobs, an employment rate much higher than that of most other industrial nations. ④In a country as populous as the United States, unemployment at 5 percent means that millions of Americans don't earn a daily wage. ⑤Indeed, one out of every twenty adults who wants work can't find it. Suddenly that's a sobering number. And, as you can see, the same statistic can be cited as a cause for celebration or shame.

21. 다음 중 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.<sup>21)</sup>

But let's spin the figure another way.

22. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>22)</sup>

- ① Numerical lie through various interpretation
- ② The need for accurate interpretation to avoid misunderstanding
- ③ Meaning of the US unemployment rate
- ④ The importance of accurate statistical investigation
- ⑤ The economic status of each country through numbers

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■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Generally, during a complex negotiation, Westerners divide the large tasks up into smaller ones.

(A) One can move through the smaller tasks, finishing one and moving on to the next, sensing accomplishment along the way. Issues are resolved at each step in the process, and the final agreement is the sum of the sequence.

(C) However, in Eastern thinking, all issues are discussed, often with no apparent order, and compromises, when made, occur at the conclusion of negotiations. The Western approach is sequential and the Eastern is holistic—the two worlds are apart.

(B) Therefore, American negotiators have difficulty measuring progress during negotiations with the Japanese, and the differences in the thinking and decision-making processes can result in misunderstandings.

23. 위의 주어진 문장에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>23)</sup>

- ①(A)-(B)-(C)      ②(A)-(C)-(B)      ③(B)-(A)-(C)  
 ④(B)-(C)-(A)      ⑤(C)-(B)-(A)

24. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>24)</sup>

- ① Difference between Eastern and Western in negotiation  
 ② The systematic nature of Westerners  
 ③ Cautions when negotiating with Asians  
 ④ Sequential problem-solving habits of Asians  
 ⑤ Misunderstandings caused by problem solving process

25. 다음 글 빈칸 (A),(B)에 들어갈 적절한 연결사를 고르시오.<sup>25)</sup>

The truth that has been merely learned sticks to us like an artificial limb, a false tooth, or a nose of wax. (A)\_\_\_\_\_, the truth acquired through our own thinking is like the natural limb; it alone really belongs to us. On this rests the distinction between the thinker and the mere scholar. The intellectual gain of the thinker who thinks for himself is, therefore, like a beautiful painting that vividly stands out with perfect harmony of colors. The intellectual acquisition of the mere scholar, (B)\_\_\_\_\_, is like a large palette full of bright colors but without harmony.

- |   | (A)               | ... | (B)               |
|---|-------------------|-----|-------------------|
| ① | On the other hand | ... | therefore         |
| ② | For example       | ... | thus              |
| ③ | On the contrary   | ... | on the other hand |
| ④ | In addition       | ... | in other words    |
| ⑤ | Similarly         | ... | otherwise         |

26. 다음 중 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.<sup>26)</sup>

In the same way, scientists can estimate the role genes play in any other trait by comparing the similarity of identical twins to the similarity of fraternal twins.

Twins provide a unique opportunity to study genes. ①Some pairs of twins are identical: they share the exact same genes in their DNA. Other pairs are fraternal, sharing only half of their genes on average. ②Differences in genetic similarity turn out to be a powerful natural experiment, allowing us to estimate how much genes influence a given trait. ③For example, identical twins almost always have the same eye color, but fraternal twins often do not. ④This suggests that genes play a role in eye color, and in fact geneticists have identified several specific genes that are involved. ⑤If there is a difference, then the magnitude of the difference gives a clue as to how much genes are involved.

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27. 다음 중 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.<sup>27)</sup>

Recycling, for instance, makes more new jobs than extracting raw materials.

For years business leaders and politicians have portrayed environmental protection and jobs as mutually exclusive. ①Pollution control, protection of natural areas and endangered species, and limits on use of nonrenewable resources, they claim, will choke the economy and throw people out of work. ②Their studies show that only 0.1 percent of all large-scale layoffs in the United States in recent years were due to government regulations. ③Environmental protection, they argue, not only is necessary for a healthy economic system, but it actually creates jobs and stimulates business. Ecological economists dispute this claim, however. ④This doesn't necessarily mean that recycled goods are more expensive than those from raw resources. ⑤We're simply substituting labor in the recycling center for energy and huge machines used to extract new materials in remote places.

■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

The birth of a child in a family is often the reason why people begin to take up or rediscover photography.

(A) It is possible to obtain more ①natural-looking portraits when the camera shoots from the same level as the child's eyeline instead of being tilted. For an eight year old, this might mean ②sitting down when shooting; and for a crawling baby, the best approach may be to lie on the floor.

(B) In many ways, photographing a child is little different from photographing any other person. What makes it different, however, is the ③relative height between a young child and an adult.

(C) Using the camera at your own head height works well for photographing adults, but for children the camera will be tilted ④downward. You are looking down on the child, literally and

metaphorically, and the resulting picture can make the child look ⑤taller and less significant than most parents would like.

28. 위 글의 밑줄 친 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>28)</sup>

29. 위의 주어진 문장에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>29)</sup>

- ①(A)-(B)-(C)      ②(A)-(C)-(B)      ③(B)-(A)-(C)  
 ④(B)-(C)-(A)      ⑤(C)-(B)-(A)

30. 다음의 주어진 문장에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>30)</sup>

There are different kinds of knowledge. Some is domain-specific knowledge that relates to a particular task or subject.

(A) For example, knowing that the shortstop plays between second and third base is specific to the domain of baseball. Some knowledge, on the other hand, is general—it applies to many different situations.

(B) At that time, knowledge about letter sounds was specific to the domain of reading. But now you can use both knowledge about sounds and the ability to read in more general ways.

(C) For example, general knowledge about how to read or write or use a computer is useful both in and out of school. Of course, there is no absolute line between general and domain-specific knowledge. When you were first learning to read, you may have studied specific facts about the sounds of letters.

- ①(A)-(B)-(C)      ②(A)-(C)-(B)      ③(B)-(A)-(C)  
 ④(B)-(C)-(A)      ⑤(C)-(B)-(A)

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■ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Inappropriate precision means giving information or figures to a greater degree of ① **apparent** accuracy than suits the context. (A) \_\_\_\_\_, advertisers often use the results of surveys to prove what they say about their products. Sometimes they claim a level of precision not based ② **doubtfully** on evidence. So, if a company selling washing powder claims 95.45% of British adults agree that this powder washes whiter than any other, then this level of precision is clearly ③ **inappropriate**. It is unlikely that all British adults were surveyed, so the results are based only on a sample and not the whole population. At best the company should be claiming that over 95% of those asked ④ **agreed** that their powder washes whiter than any other. Even if the whole population had been surveyed, to have given the result to two decimal points would have been ⑤ **absurd**. The effect is to propose a high degree of scientific precision in the research. Frequently, (B) \_\_\_\_\_, inappropriate precision is an attempt \_\_\_\_\_.

31. 위 글의 ①-⑤ 중 문맥 상 적절하지 않은 어휘를 고르시오.<sup>31)</sup>

32. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>32)</sup>

- ① to fundamentally reduce the use of detergents
- ② to give data-based information to consumers
- ③ to mask the unscientific nature of a study
- ④ to depreciate other companies' products
- ⑤ to inform the risk of bleach

33. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.<sup>33)</sup>

	(A)		(B)
①	Moreover	....	therefore
②	Furthermore	....	otherwise
③	For example	....	likewise
④	For instance	....	however
⑤	In contrast	....	thus

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- 1) 1
- 2) 4
- 3) 3
- 4) 4
- 5) 2
- 6) 3
- 7) 4
- 8) 5
- 9) 2
- 10) 5
- 11) 4
- 12) 4
- 13) 3
- 14) 4
- 15) 3
- 16) 5
- 17) 5
- 18) 2
- 19) 4
- 20) 2
- 21) 4
- 22) 1
- 23) 2
- 24) 1
- 25) 3
- 26) 5
- 27) 2
- 28) 5
- 29) 4
- 30) 2
- 31) 2
- 32) 3
- 33) 4